

**PLEASE READ
IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT RECYCLABLES**

**COMMINGLED CONTAINER CONTENTS MAY NOT BE MIXED
WITH OTHER DISPOSABLES**

Great News!

ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS INCLUDES ALL TYPES OF PLASTIC:

A. Plastics with the number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 OR 7 in a triangle

(Remove all lids, caps & closures)

- Plastic water bottles
- Plastic soda bottles
- Plastic detergent, shampoo, bleach, mouthwash bottles
- Plastic buckets, plastic hubcaps
- Styrofoam, garbage bags
- Blister packaging
- Bread bags
- Plastic eating utensils
- Plastic bags

B. Aluminum Food and Beverage Containers

Aluminum soda and beer cans, cat food cans, etc.

B. Glass Food and Beverage Containers

Flint (clear)

Amber (brown)

Emerald (green)

C. Ferrous Cans

Soup, coffee cans, etc.

Electronics, metals and white metals (appliances) can be dropped off at the DPW Yard on Thursdays 12:00 – 2:00 p.m., Fridays 8:00 – 11:00 a.m. and the last Saturday in January, April, July and October 9:00 a.m. – noon.

ITEMS NOT ACCEPTED AS RECYCLABLES include:

Mirrors	Window or Auto Glass
Ceramics	Light Bulbs
Vacuum Hoses	Plumbing Accessories
Building Products	Construction materials
Pots	Pans
Auto parts	Batteries

LEAF DISPOSAL AFFECTED BY NEW STORMWATER RULES

New Stormwater Pollution Prevention regulations require us to change how we think about the disposal of leaves. For reasons of safety, environmental protection and to maintain a tidy appearance around the City we encourage you to either mulch mow, compost or dispose of your leaves in biodegradable paper bags. If you bag your leaves please remember the following rules:

- Leaves should be set out only in biodegradable paper bags
- Leaves that are set out in plastic bags will not be collected
- Leaves set out for collection must be free of limbs and branches

A limited number of leaf bags are available at the DPW yard and may be picked up by residents Thursdays from 12:00 to 2:00 p.m. and Fridays from 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.

COMPOSTING

Composting is a natural process where organic materials decompose and are recycled into a dark, crumbly, earthy smelling soil conditioner known as compost. Compost improves soil structure and moisture retention, and contributes to healthy plant growth by providing plant nutrients.

Composting:

- Can save money
- Helps the environment
- Is easy and fun

The following can be used as composting ingredients:

- Vegetable food scraps
- Grass clippings
- Leaves, flowers and weeds
- Sawdust and wood ash
- Chopped twigs/ branches
- Coffee grounds

Rutgers Cooperative Extension Fact Sheet FS811 *Home Composting*

MULCH MOWING

Mulch mowing is a process that uses a lawn mower to chop up leaves into a fine mulch. The mulch is left on the lawn to decompose and become nutrients for your lawn and trees.